

In-Class Assignment 10: Parametric Curves

MATH 142

Directions: Work neatly on a separate sheet of paper. Your **group** will hand in one write-up with everyone's name on it. **DO NOT** fold the corner over to hold everything together!

Work together on each problem; do not delegate different problems to different people.

In mathematics, the word **parameter** has a couple of different meanings. For this worksheet, a parameter is a variable on which the coordinate variables (x and y) depend.

- Suppose that $x = 2t$ and $y = t^2 + 1$.
 - Make a table of values for t , x , and y that includes $t = -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3$.
 - Plot the points (x, y) from your table.
 - What kind of curve do you think this represents?
 - Solve one of the equations for t and substitute into the other equation to find a relationship between x and y . Was your hypothesis right in part (c)?
- Repeat Exercise 1 with $x = 1 - 2t, y = 3t + 4$.
- Repeat Exercise 1 with $x = \cos t, y = \sin t$ (with appropriate choices of t).
- Suppose that we mark a point on circle O having radius r and then roll the circle, keeping track of the curve the point traces out as the circle rolls. In this problem, we will determine parametric equations for this curve.
 - Start with the circle resting on the origin $(0, 0)$, and let the special point P that we follow be the point of the circle at the origin. We will roll the circle down the positive x -axis, so sketch the circle in its starting position and after it has rolled for a while, including P both times. Also label the point Q at the bottom of the circle (so $P = Q$ in the starting position).
 - The parameter we will use is the angle θ through which the circle has rolled: $\theta = m\angle POQ$.
 - An arc of a circle of radius r subtended by an angle θ is $r\theta$. Use this information to determine the x -coordinate of P in terms of θ .
 - Also determine the y -coordinate of P in terms of θ .
 - Sketch some points of this curve. (We will ask Maple to sketch the whole curve for us.)