

# MATH 152

## Today

1. Questions/WeBWorK
2. 5.4 The Fundamental Theorem of Calculus

### Goals:

1. 5.4 The Fundamental Theorem of Calculus (Understand both parts of the FTC and how to apply them)

## Where is today's material used?

1. Physics: distance traveled by a particle (among many others)
2. Chemistry: fraction of gas molecules that can participate in a reaction (among many others)
3. Economics: finding total cost given marginal cost (among many others)
4. Any discipline that includes a notion of accumulated change.

## 5.4: The Fundamental Theorem of Calculus

1. **Theorem (Mean Value Theorem for Integrals):** If  $f$  is continuous on  $[a, b]$ , then there is some  $x_0 \in [a, b]$  such that  $f(x_0) = \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x) dx$ .
2. **Theorem (Second FTC):** If  $f$  is continuous on an open interval  $I$  containing  $a$ , then for all  $x \in I$ ,  $\frac{d}{dx} \left( \int_a^x f(t) dt \right) = f(x)$ .
3. The **indefinite integral** of  $f$  with respect to  $x$  is the family of all antiderivatives of  $f$ , denoted  $\int f(x) dx$ .
4. Examples: 5.4, p. 298: 14, 25, 26, 22

## Next Time

1. 5.5  $u$ -Substitution
2. Turn in WeBWorK 5.4, Set06-FTC: 2, 11