MATH 249

Today

- 1. Questions from last time
- 2. 13.4: Velocity and Acceleration (Understand the relationships among position, velocity, and acceleration and how to calculate them given one.)
- 3. WeBWorK

13.4 Acceleration

Let $\vec{r}(t) = \langle f(t), g(t), h(t) \rangle$, and let C be the space curve determined by \vec{r} .

- 1. If $\vec{r}(t)$ gives position, $\vec{v}(t) = \vec{r}'(t)$ gives velocity and $\vec{a}(t) = \vec{r}''(t)$ gives acceleration.
- 2. $v(t) = |\vec{r}'(t)|$ is speed.

3.
$$\vec{a} = v'\vec{T} + \kappa v^2\vec{N}$$
 $[\vec{v} = v\vec{T} \implies \vec{v} ' = v'\vec{T} + v\vec{T}' = v'\vec{T} + v|\vec{T}'|\vec{N} = v'\vec{T} + \kappa v^2\vec{N}$ since $\kappa = \frac{|\vec{T}'|}{|\vec{r}'|}$.]

- 4. Examples: p. 846: 18, 19, 21, 33
- 5. Review:
 - (a) 3D Coordinates
 - (b) Vectors
 - i. Dot product (definition, $\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v} = |\vec{u}| |\vec{v}| \cos(\theta)$)
 - ii. Cross product (definition, $|\vec{u} \times \vec{v}| = |\vec{u}| |\vec{v}| \sin(\theta)$, area of a parallelogram, volume of a parallelepiped)
 - iii. Equations of lines and planes
 - iv. Projections
 - (c) Quadric surfaces
 - (d) Vector-valued functions
 - i. Derivatives and integrals [Expect a TL problem]
 - ii. Arc length and curvature
 - iii. T, N, and B
 - iv. Velocity and acceleration

Next Time

- (a) Exam!!!
- (b) Logistics:
 - i. Begin 5 minutes early, end 5 minutes late.
 - ii. Problems will appear on one page.
 - iii. Calculator is okay but not needed. (No Python on first exam.)
 - iv. Take a picture and upload your exam to the WISE assignment when finished.
- (c) Watch 14.1 for after exam [$\sim 31 \text{ min}$]