

## Complex Number Exercises

### Solutions

#### CS 145 Images and Imagination

1. Put in  $z$  standard form ( $a + b i$ ):

a.  $z = 4 + \sqrt{16} = \underline{\quad 8 \quad}$

b.  $z = i^2 + i\sqrt{25} = \underline{\quad -1 + 5 i \quad}$

c.  $z = -72 i^2 + i = \underline{\quad 72 + i \quad}$

d.  $z = i^5 = \underline{\quad i \quad}$

2. Convert from polar to standard form (Cartesian coordinates) in standard form

a.  $r = 4, \theta = 25, z = 3.62 + 1.69 i$

b.  $r = 5, \theta = 200, z = -4.69 - 1.71 i$

3. Compute the modulus (length) of

a.  $z = 2 + 4 i, r = \sqrt{20} = 4.47 \underline{\quad}$

b.  $z = -3 + 1.5 i, r = \sqrt{11.25} = 3.35 \underline{\quad}$

4. What is the  $\bar{z}$  = complex conjugate of each of the  $z$  values in problem 3

a.  $\bar{z} = \underline{\quad 2 - 4 i \quad}$

b.  $\bar{z} = \underline{\quad -3 - 1.5 i \quad}$

5. Suppose  $z_1 = (1 + 3 i)$  and  $z_2 = (-2 + 4 i)$ . Calculate the following, placing the result in standard form

a.  $z_1 + z_2 = \underline{\quad -1 + 7 i \quad}$

b.  $z_1 - z_2 = \underline{\quad 3 - 1 i \quad}$

c.  $2 z_1 = \underline{\quad 2 + 6 i \quad}$

d.  $z_1 z_1 = z_1^2 = \underline{\quad -8 + 6 i \quad}$

e.  $z_1 z_2 = \underline{\quad -14 - 2 i \quad}$

f.  $\bar{z}_1 + z_1 = \underline{\quad 2 \quad}$

g.  $\bar{z}_1 z_1 = \underline{\quad 10 \quad}$

h.  $z_1 / z_2 = \underline{\quad .5 + .5 i \quad}$