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Professor Johnson	Name of group member:	

**Problem 1**: Recall the definition of the definite integral for a continuous function f(x) on the interval [a, b].

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x) \, dx = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} f(x_i) \Delta x, \quad \text{where } \Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n} \quad \text{and} \quad x_i = a + i \Delta x$$

[1.1] Describe in 1-2 sentences the meaning of the quantity  $f(x_i)\Delta x$  in this definition. You may assume  $f(x) \ge 0$  and you may draw a picture in the margin to assist you in your description.

[1.2] Describe in **1-2 sentences** the meaning of the notation  $\lim_{n\to\infty}\sum_{i=1}^{n}$  in this definition.

[1.3] Using the definition of the integral above, (1) identify the following limit of sums as an integral, and (2) calculate the integral using the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus.

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left( 4(2+i(\frac{3}{n}))^6 - 7(2+i(\frac{3}{n})) \right) \cdot \left(\frac{3}{n}\right) =$$

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**Problem 2**: Fill in the blanks in the statements below which describe how the derivative affects the shape of the graph of a function.

[2.1] Suppose $f(x)$ is a differentiable function on the interval $(a, b)$ .	
If $f'(x) > 0$ on $(a, b)$ , then the function $f(x)$ is	on $(a, b)$ .
If $f'(x) < 0$ on $(a, b)$ , then the function $f(x)$ is	on $(a, b)$ .
If $f''(x) > 0$ on $(a, b)$ , then the function $f(x)$ is	on $(a, b)$ .
If $f''(x) < 0$ on $(a, b)$ , then the function $f(x)$ is	on $(a, b)$ .

[2.2] Match the function to the corresponding graph below which most closely resembles the graph of the function. Use the first and second derivatives to justify your selection, and write **1-2 sentences** explaining your choice.

 $g(x) = x^5 - 5x$ 

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**Problem 3**: Suppose that, for a particular population of organisms, the birth rate is given by b(t) = 410 - 0.3t and the death rate is given by g(t) = 390 + 0.2t organisms per month.

[3.1] Calculate 
$$\int_0^{12} [b(t) - g(t)] dt.$$

[3.2] What are the units of quantity you calculated in [3.1]? And what does this number represent?

[3.3] Determine the values of t for which b(t) > g(t).

[3.4] Answer the following questions in complete **sentences** and explain why the calculation(s) above justify your solutions.

At which times is the population increasing? At which times is the population decreasing? At what time does the population reaches a maximum?